

THE WEATHER

Washington, D. C., October 3.—Forecast for Arkansas: Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

The Sentinel-Record.

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ENTERTAIN PRESIDENT

DENVER COMPELS PRESIDENT TO SPEND THE BUSIEST DAY OF HIS ITINERARY

In Favor of Progress and Construction He Tells His Hosts—Made An Honorary Member of the Press Club.

Denver, Col., October 3.—This was one of the most strenuous days President Taft has spent since leaving Beverly more than two weeks ago. The president's Denver hosts kept him on the go from early morning until late tonight when he left for Cheyenne.

Mr. Taft made two important speeches today, the first to the public lands convention and the second to the members of a republican organization including the state central committee and various county committees. To the republican committee the president outlined the position of the republican party as he interpreted it.

"We are in favor of progress and construction," he said, "we are in favor of prosperity and of doing nothing that will interfere with the business growth of this country, provided that business growth be along lines that are legitimate and within the statutes."

"There is not any desire on our part to hit corporations just because they are corporations. And if they are contributing to the growth of the country; if they are furnishing a large wage fund for the support of wage earners, and are engaged in that work, that is evidence of American enterprise, we are to encourage them, not to discourage them."

"The question of the tariff," said Mr. Taft, "I think all republicans agree upon. We are not making any apology for blocking bills that failed to sustain tariff protection."

The president took a flyer "at some tariff reformers" when he said:

"There seems to be a little misconception as to what my duty was in respect to signing the tariff bills passed at the recent session of congress, on the part of those gentlemen who would be entirely consistent in signing those bills. I mean the gentlemen not in favor of republican politics, but democratic tariff for revenue or free trade. It would be entirely consistent in them to sign any bill that reduces the tariff because they are opposed to the tariff generally. I am not in that class. I was elected as a protectionist."

The president said he was willing to sign any bill that conforms with two republican platform on which he was elected and he hoped that when the people realized the "sincerity of our promises, they will see fit to keep us in power."

"The fact is," he added, "that the defection from the republican party in the last congressional election or the defeat of it, was not due to an increased number of democrats. It was due to the defection of republicans who insisted we had not kept our promises. Now if we go ahead as I hope we may and show to them that is just what we are doing, acting on the tariff boards report. It seems to me we are not over-sanguine in expecting that these republicans did not leave us exactly, but who withheld their votes, will now return to the place where they belong."

In his speech before the public lands convention the president made a plea for a reasonable attitude of conservationists generally. He urged them not to "lose everything by claiming too much. He also stated that he disagreed with many of the views expressed by the convention in recently adopted resolutions."

Mr. Taft said he thought the "fetish" stage of the conservation movement had passed and that country was now prepared to "settle down to calm consideration of what ought to be done in the preservation of our natural resources, and what steps ought to be taken which the mistakes of the past show to be wise."

"It does not do to abuse everybody," the president said, "that

doesn't help a bit. There are certain of us that can stand it. I have got to the point where it is a sort of normal condition, but when you go to congress you will find gentlemen there who have definite ideas test somebody shall get an advantage, not of you, but of the generations to come after you."

Arriving in Denver this morning the president was entertained at breakfast at the country club under the auspices of the Yale association. He was then driven about the city. After lunch he went to the baseball park, where he presented local trophies to members of the Denver baseball team, champions of the Western League. Next Mr. Taft visited the Denver Press club and was made an honorary member of the organization. He was informed that Colonel Roosevelt was an honorary member.

"I am glad to follow Colonel Roosevelt then," said the president. During the automobile trip this afternoon the president stopped at the home of Mrs. Charles Hughes, widow of the late Senator Hughes, and left his card. When he last visited Denver Mr. Taft stopped at the Hughes' as the guest of the senator.

Tonight Mr. Taft was entertained at a Chamber of Commerce banquet where 700 covers were laid.

BELLIGERENTS ARE WAITING

NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN THE TURCO-ITALIAN WAR—BOTH SIDES INACTIVE

Rumored That Russia Has Joined Germany in An Effort to Secure Peace.

London, October 3.—The lapse of another day leaves the Turco-Italian war without further development. There is no confirmation of the reported bombardment of Tripoli, which appears unlikely to have happened as it will yet be several days before the expeditionary force is ready to leave Italian shores.

Apparently the Italian government is apprehensive that the Turkish fleet may be able to hamper the purpose of the transports and great precautions are being taken.

It is reported that the minister of marine has resigned on account of flagrant disobedience of his orders to the fleet.

Meanwhile the four parliaments of the powers continue without intermission.

It is said Russia is now supporting Germany in efforts to bring about peace.

A report comes from Agosta that the Turkish transport Derna changed her name to Eitel Friederich and flew the German flag while running the blockade to Tripoli and that her officers were proud of eluding pursuit. But, it is pointed out in the report, she might have been captured two hundred miles away from Tripoli had not the Italians waited her arrival at Tripoli and the landing of arms as a pretext to declare war.

City Not Occupied.
Rome, October 3.—A dispatch from Vice Admiral Farvavelli, filed at Tripoli this morning and arriving here tonight by way of Victoria, Sicily says:

"In answer for a summons for the surrender of the city, made yesterday, the Turkish commander asked for a delay and it was granted until noon today."

ACQUITTED OF MURDER
Oklahoma Man Freed After Trial by Sick Jury.

Muskogee, Okla., October 3.—Bob Davis, charged with the murder of Deputy Sheriff Jim Works at Porum, Okla., on May 4th of this year, was tonight acquitted. The jury deliberated half an hour and reached an agreement on the first ballot.

All of the jurors were stricken with ptomaine poisoning last Thursday and the trial was halted for five days. When it was resumed several of the jurors lay upon cots in the court room. After the verdict was returned Juror Plunkett remained in the room in charge of a nurse, too ill to leave.

CLASHES AT SHOP POINTS

CITIZENS AND STRIKERS DRIVE OFF WHOLE TRAIN LOAD OF STRIKEBREAKERS

One Thousand Shots Exchanged. Soldiers Patrol City—Rioting Follows the Arrival of the New Men.

McComb, Miss., October 3.—State troops patrolled the streets of this unusually quiet little railroad city tonight following a pitched battle between a trainload of imported strikebreakers and citizens and strikers of McComb city late today.

A special train on the Illinois Central railroad bearing 450 strikebreakers was riddled with bullets and several citizens of this town bear painful and dangerous marks of the thrilling encounter. One of them, E. H. Mintimery, a striker, may die.

Fully 1,000 shots were exchanged. Before the arrival tonight the armed citizens patrolled the streets under order of Sheriff Holmes of Pike county.

The citizens of McComb are outspoken in their denunciation of the alleged conduct of the strikebreakers as reported from Winona, Summit and Durant. At these points, according to telegrams received here early in the afternoon the strikebreakers insulted ladies who were at the stations when the special train passed. This information served to inflame the citizens of McComb city, where approximately 1500 employees of the Illinois Central shops are on strike. Statements issued by citizens of McComb city contradict the version of the trouble as given by representatives of the railroad.

After a minor clash between the strikers and strikebreakers near the depot, the train pulled down into the yard below the city where soon it was surrounded by armed citizens of McComb city, who claim tonight they went there armed to protect themselves and prevent a repetition of the alleged indignities charged against the strikebreakers by towns north of this place.

The battle opened almost as soon as the crowd came within sight of the train and was kept up until the train ran onto the main line and with wide open throttle pulled out for New Orleans.

Just which side fired the opening shot in the battle is a mooted question. It is not denied that many shots were fired by both sides. The coaches were riddled with bullets.

Attack Train at Durant.
Durant, Miss., October 3.—Warned by telephone messages from Winona that strikebreakers on an approaching Illinois Central railroad train might repeat their action in ordering goods at stores and refusing to pay for them, citizens of this town met the arrivals with a shower of stones and other missiles when they left the coaches. The strikebreakers fought their way back to the train in a shower of missiles. Several strikebreakers were injured and a number of citizens were slightly wounded.

The train carried 700 shopmen and clerks recruited in northern cities.

Fired On Engine.

Centralia, Ill., October 3.—Following a riot at the Illinois Central depot here today in which shots were fired at an engine passing through the yard, J. L. Smith, a special agent for the road was bound over to the grand jury on a charge of assault with intent to kill J. C. Jacobs, a brakeman, who was hit on the head by Smith.

The shots were fired because it was thought a strikebreaker was on the engine.

Need No More Men.

Chicago, October 3.—No more men will be hired at present to fill the places of strikers on the Illinois Central road, according to a statement issued tonight from the office of Vice President Park. Enough men are now at work to keep up the minor affairs indefinitely, it was said, and the manufacture of numerous locomotive and car specialties will be discontinued.

The statement in part said: "None of the men who went out

have returned to work and on receipt of belated orders a few additional men have gone out at different points, but considering the new men who have been employed we have more men at work today than yesterday. We have stopped hiring men for the present and are resuming normal conditions.

"We will not require as many men in the future, for the reason that a full force of men has supplied us with mechanical equipment in advance of our requirements. We have also heretofore maintained a great many locomotives and specialties largely for the purpose of keeping the men employed and now we shall buy these direct from the manufacturers."

Quiet Follows Rioting.

Houston, Texas, October 3.—New developments in the local strike situation consists of statements from the Southern Pacific to the effect that the strikers caused the death of Pipes, the guard who was shot and killed last night, and the wounding of the other three men, and of a statement from the executive committee of the strikers that the guards of the company's property though they were firing upon strikers and themselves, killed their companion Pipes and wounded the others. General Manager Van Vleck has given out a statement to the effect that men on the Atlantic division have until Wednesday morning to return to work without the loss of privilege and if they did not do so they will be blacklisted on all of the Hariman lines.

Would Cancel Strike Order

New Orleans, October 3.—Forty-two striking Illinois Central machinists at Paducah, Ky., are said to have petitioned the international president of the machinists union today to cancel the strike order according to a telegram received by Illinois Central officials there this afternoon.

There has been no defection in the ranks of the machinists here.

Mobs at Denison.

Denison, Texas, October 3.—The Union Passenger station is surrounded by a mob consisting of about five hundred strike sympathizers who are hooting, yelling and jeering the special force of officers that are guarding the strikebreakers, stationed in the old union depot hotel. Earlier in the evening one of the leaders of last night's mob was arrested by Officer Burris and started to jail, whereupon the mob followed and attempted to take the prisoner away from him. A couple of shots were fired in the air by the officer to turn the mob but it did not halt. Hurrying the prisoner to the city hall, the mob following, the plate glass door was broken in and while no effort was made to enter the station, the officers thought it best to release the prisoner which was accordingly done and the mob returned to the stations. In the melee tonight one man was badly beaten over the head with a pistol.

SCHLEY FUNERAL

Remains of Naval Hero Taken to Washington for Burial

Washington, October 3.—The body of rear-Admiral Winfield Scott Schley was brought to Washington tonight from New York and taken to the Schley home on I street.

The funeral will be held Thursday but no details have been arranged.

The family has not decided whether there shall be a military funeral. Accompanying the body from New York besides the family were Commodore James Hamilton Sears, U. S. N., flag lieutenant during the Spanish-American war. As the body was borne through the railroad station, hundreds of waiting passengers stood with uncovered heads.

ATTACKS I. AND R.

Washington, October 3.—The task of attempting to put an end to all initiative and referendum legislation in this country was begun today in the supreme court of the United States; Counsel for the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph company filed a brief with the court attacking the taxing law of Oregon because it was enacted by virtue of the initiative amendment to the state constitution, which is alleged to be in violation of the federal constitution.

WILEY NOW IN COMMAND

TWO ANTAGONISTIC MEMBERS OF BOARD RELIEVED AND APPOINTMENT MADE

Complete Reorganization of Department of Agriculture Foreshadowed By This Significant Move of the Officials.

Washington, October 3.—In a sudden succession of orders, an initial move in the expected reorganization of the department of agriculture, Solicitor George P. McCabe today was relieved from the pure food and drug board, Associate Chemist F. L. Dunlap, closely identified with McCabe, was allowed leave of absence until the president's return and Dr. Harvey W. Wiley was left apparently in supreme command of the board. Dr. R. E. Doolittle of New York, was temporarily appointed to the board to succeed Mr. McCabe.

These changes were announced by Secretary Wilson today following a conference with Dr. Wiley, who has been on a long vacation. These were deemed inevitable in view of the official and personal antagonism aired before a congressional committee last summer and Dr. Wiley's exoneration by President Taft after Attorney General Wickersham, with views aligned with those of Secretary Wilson and Solicitor McCabe had recommended Dr. Wiley's removal as head of the chemistry bureau because of a technical irregularity in appointive methods the responsibility for which he denied.

The pure food and drug board is the agency which passed upon many important cases arising under the enforcement of the pure food law. Dr. Wiley on the one hand and Solicitor McCabe and Dr. Dunlap on the other, were the members of the board.

Dr. Wiley declared he was usually outvoted and made a number of sensational statements in the investigation. Smarting under the frequent overruling of his views, wherein he held food products deleterious to health, he told a congressional committee that he regarded his associate Dr. Dunlap, as his superior officer.

Secretary Wilson's brief announcement of the change stated that Solicitor McCabe voluntarily resigned and that his resignation had been accepted.

Dr. Dunlap was acting chairman of the board when Dr. Wiley was absent from Washington. Whether he will return to his duties was not stated. His temporary withdrawal was attributed officially to the fact that he is to take the customary four weeks' vacation, but Secretary Wilson stated he would not return until after President Taft had returned to Washington.

In place of Solicitor McCabe to serve with Dr. Wiley on the board, Secretary Wilson appointed Dr. Doolittle, long a member of the bureau of chemistry force, and now the head of that bureau's sub-station in New York. Dr. Wiley and Dr. Doolittle will constitute the majority for the immediate future, the latter's appointment being necessary to give the board's actions legal effect.

The reason for Solicitor McCabe's resignation were not announced.

All officials of the agricultural department connected with the enforcement of the pure food law were reticent today regarding the change or what permanent changes in the department may be foreshadowed. Dr. Wiley would only say that the work of the board would continue as at present.

Dr. Doolittle was appointed to the board, Secretary Wilson said, because he is one of the leading experts in the bureau of chemistry.

LUMBER OUSTER CASE

St. Louis, October 3.—In the hearing of the state's ouster suit against the alleged lumber trust here today, S. H. Fullerton of St. Louis, entered a general denial to every question asked him.

Fullerton denied he was present at a meeting of the lumber interests at the world's fair here when it was decided to curtail the output of the

lumber mills. When shown a photograph taken at the time of the meeting in which he had a seat in the front row the witness admitted that he might have been there.

Alleged market reports, which the state classifies as price lists of the lumber associations were put in the record, despite the fact that they were not identified by George K. Smith, secretary of the Yellow Pine Manufacturers' association. Frank M. Strickland, who printed the price lists, identified them and testified that Smith had furnished the figures to him three days before the lists were printed.

NEGOTIATE LOAN.

San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua, October 3.—It is stated that before accepting the loan offered by American bankers with the conditions attaching to it, the government will consult with leading capitalists of Nicaragua.

KNOWN DEAD IS PLACED AT 40

WORK OF RESCUING BODIES OF AUSTIN FLOOD VICTIMS IS PROCEEDING SLOWLY

Many Bodies Unrecognizable—Six Hundred Workmen Now Clearing Up the Debris.

Austin, Pa., October 3.—With six bodies recovered from the flood wreckage here today, the face of another, and a skull so badly charred that neither the sex nor approximate age of the victim could be determined, the total number of known dead in the catastrophe of last Saturday now stands at 38. All but one of the bodies were identified.

With the almost hourly revision of the list of the missing the remaining number is approximated only. This is given out officially as about forty and the feeling is expressed tonight that a number of these never will be found. Those not having been consumed in the fire, it is thought, will have lost any semblance to a human body before being uncovered.

All the bodies, as fast as they are identified are placed in plain caskets and buried with the state's assistance where needed.

Although the expected number of laborers have not come in there were approximately 600 at work clearing up the wreckage today, and the chaotic appearance of the village is fast being changed.

The first business since the destruction of the village appeared today when several storekeepers began to display their wares.

SMUGGLING PROBE

Grand Jury Takes Hand in Famous Jenkins Case.

New York, October 3.—The federal grand jury today undertook further investigation of the jewel smuggling for which Nathan Allen, the Wisconsin millionaire, and John R. Collins of Memphis, paid heavy fines yesterday. In addition to the two principals in the case, there were present under subpoenas, Mrs. Helen Dwell Jenkins, the recipient of the smuggled jewels, and Richard Barr, deputy surveyor of customs. Allen was the only witness called.

The object of the new inquiry is to determine who was responsible for the bribing of customs officers and corrupting employees for several years. It is said the government is on the trail of a wealthy banker, better known even than the two men already convicted, and declared to be the chief offender.

The investigation will be continued tomorrow.

CINCY WANTS 'EM ALL

Cincinnati, October 3.—Officials of the Cincinnati Commercial association today announced that that body would attempt to bring the national conventions of both the democratic and republican parties to this city next year. Charles G. McClure, superintendent of the association, stated that \$50,000 has been pledged and that \$100,000 more can be obtained to be used in the construction of a convention hall to have a seating capacity of 20,000.

PAID MONEY CHEERFULLY

SENATOR STEPHENSON DID NOT BALK OR HESITATE TO HAND OVER THE \$107,000.

La Follette's Followers Referred to As "Half Breeds" by Stephen-son's Managers—Bribery Charge Denied

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 3.—Aside from hearing testimony that followers of Senator Robert M. La Follette in Wisconsin are known as "half breeds" and that they are the political foes of Senator Isaac Stephenson, the senatorial committee investigating charges that Senator Stephenson's election was secured through bribery today devoted its attention to digging into campaign expense accounts.

Much of the necessity for expending an amount as great as \$107,793, was declared to be due to Senator La Follette's opposition and to organize each of the 2200 precincts in the state it was necessary to spend money liberally, they said. But each of the Stephenson campaign managers testified that the funds were legitimately used. No one of the witnesses admitted having handled the entire amount. E. A. Edmonds testified he personally handled not more than \$5,000.

J. H. Puelicher said he merely was custodian of the fund and the extent of his responsibility was to pay it out when requisitions were made.

J. A. Van Cleave testified that he remained at Marinette, Senator Stephenson's home town, and when calls came for money he went to see the senator. In this way he said, he handled \$52,500, but he did not know what was done with it.

"Whenever a call came from headquarters in Milwaukee for money you went to Senator Stephenson's office and told him about it didn't you?" asked Senator W. B. Heyburn, the chairman. "Did the senator readily give up the money?"

"Yes," Van Cleave replied. Rodney Sackett, clerk in the United States senate, said he worked in the headquarters and had the handling of about \$98,000. He kept a card index record of the expenditures, but after the campaign he destroyed the cards after making a copy of the amounts spent.

"How, when you destroyed these cards, did you expect to defend yourself against a charge that the money might have been used for bribery?" "No one ever thought there was going to be a charge of bribery and there is no ground for any now," the witness replied.

It was while Edmonds was on the stand that Senator LaFollette's supporters were referred to as "half breed" Senator Heyburn immediately wanted to know what the term meant.

"Why," said Edmonds, "it is well known in Wisconsin, when a man is a republican but not a regular, he is a follower of Senator La Follette and is called a half breed."

The announcement that Governor McGovern decided not to appoint counsel for the state in the investigation, it was said here, might be followed tomorrow by an effort of certain members of the legislature to have themselves accepted as counsel for the state in opposition to Senator Stephenson.

EULOGIZE WILSON

Trenton, N. J., October 3.—Governor Woodrow Wilson was the predominating influence in today's democratic state convention held to adopt a party platform. The platform adopted was eulogistic of the administration of Governor Wilson and only the governor's earnest appeal to the convention prevented the adoption of a resolution endorsing him for the democratic presidential nomination.

ASSASSIN IDENTIFIED

Helsingfors, October 3.—The assassin of M. Von Heilen, president of the high court of justice was identified today as a shop clerk named Loeffdahl, 24 years old. The authorities state the motive for the crime was undoubtedly political.